

ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF MOBILE WEB-BASED MENU E-ORDER SYSTEMS USING THE PIECES METHOD (CASE STUDY: CAFÉ 50/50 COFFEE)

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Abstrak

Kafe sebagai tempat untuk melepas penat maupun bercengkerama dan pengunjung dapat melakukan pemesanan menu yang tersedia. Pada umumnya sebuah kafe sering mengalami kesulitan dalam melayani pelanggan, terutama untuk fasilitas pemesanan menu. Hal ini juga dialami oleh Kafe 50/50 Coffee yang masih melakukan pemesanan menu secara manual. Berdasarkan permasalahan tersebut, dirancang sebuah sistem e-order menu aplikasi mobile berbasis web. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menghasilkan sistem pemesanan mobile web yang kemudian dianalisis dengan indikator PIECES untuk mendapatkan nilai kepuasan dari pengguna. Perancangan sistem menggunakan metode pengembangan System Development Life Cycle (SDLC) model waterfall kemudian dilakukan analisis tingkat kepuasan pengguna dengan metode PIECES. Pengujian sistem menggunakan usability testing dengan metode USE Questionnaire. Implementasi sistem dibuat dengan bantuan framework CodeIgniter dan menggunakan bahasa pemrograman PHP. Hasil penelitian berupa sistem e-order menu pada kafe 50/50 Coffee dengan kesimpulan dari hasil analisis bahwa pengguna sistem e-order sudah merasa "PUAS".

Kata kunci: Sistem E-Order, Mobile web, Metode Waterfall, PIECES Framework, USE Questionnaire

Abstract

Café as a place to relax or chatter where visitors can order the menu available. In general, a café often has difficulty in serving customers, especially for menu ordering facilities. This is also experienced by café 50/50 Coffee which still makes menu reservations manually. Based on these problems, a system of e-order menus of web-based mobile applications is designed. The study aims to produce a mobile web ordering system that is then analyzed with the PIECES indicator to determine the level of user satisfaction. Design of this system using the waterfall model System Development Life Cycle (SDLC) development method and then analyzed the level of user satisfaction with the PIECES method. System testing uses usability testing with the USE Questionnaire method. System implementations are created with the help of the CodeIgniter framework and use the PHP programming language. The results of the study in the form of a menu e-order system at the 50/50 Coffee café with the conclusion of the analysis that the users of the e-order system were "SATISFIED".

Keywords: E-Order system, Mobile web, Waterfall method, PIECES Framework, USE Questionnaire

INTRODUCTION

Information systems and technology are increasingly evolving so as to change the way and lifestyle also facilitate people in daily activities. Technology is growing rapidly, so most people prefer to use technology in their activities. One of the example is internet and websites. Website can help in terms of promoting a business, making it easier for customers to order menus and in order to win the competition (Marudut & Siregar, 2018).

Café as a place to relieve exhaustion or chatter where visitors can order the menu available (Bastian, 2020). In addition to the menu offered, restaurant and café services in providing satisfaction to customers are also very influential on competition in the culinary business (Triayudi & Rodhi, 2018). Café 50/50 Coffee is one of the businesses in the culinary sector. This café is located at Jalan Nusantara No. 50, Depok city, West Java. During this time the booking facility is still done manually, i.e. visitors must do it directly

through the cashier so that it can cause queues. This is less effective, especially during the COVID-19 pandemic that is currently ongoing almost all over the world, including in Indonesia. Therefore, there is a rule that requires people to do social distancing to limit social activities in order to avoid physical contact and crowds (Suherman et al., 2021). Apart from that, there are other problems i.e. to find out information related to the menu in more detail or information about the availability of tables, visitors must directly come to the café.

The menu e-order system at the café 50/50 Coffee can make it easier for visitors to make table reservations and menu reservations more effectively and efficiently. Then an analysis of user satisfaction levels with the PIECES method is carried out in order to get an evaluation of a system that has been created before (Julian, Triayudi, & Benrahman, 2021). As for the analysis conducted so that the e-order system can meet the qualifications in the PIECES framework (Tjiptabudi, 2017). This study aims to produce a mobile web ordering system which is then analyzed with the PIECES method to find out the level of user satisfaction. With the food and beverage menu e-order system, it is expected to be useful to help visitors in ordering online.

Some previous research related to the development of menu e-order systems, in the study (Fonggo, Beng, & Arisandi, 2020) the ordering system using the SDLC method with the waterfall model. Program creation uses HTML and PHP also MySQL as database storage. The results of the study in the form of a web-based payment and booking system implemented in the canteen.

The research (Manikam & Ardiyansah, 2019) conducted a system design at Bebek Goreng Haji Yogi Restaurant that utilizes the PIECES method for problem analysis. System design uses balsamiq software with PHP programming language. The result of the study is in the form of the design of an e-order system.

In research (Dhiman, 2021) online food ordering management system used in the culinary field. Website implementations are performed using PHP, HTML, CSS and datasets stored in the PHPMyAdmin SQL database. The result is a website-based online food ordering system that will be applied in small restaurants and locations such as college canteens, etc.

Research (Riswanda & Priandika, 2021) about ordering system on the Donnys store uses PHP programming languages and MySQL databases also designed using UML (Unified Modeling Language). System development utilizes waterfall methods and analyzes system needs with the

PIECES method. The results of the study are in the form of items order management applications.

In the study (Dzulfiqar, 2019) apply PIECES analysis to the current system. By using UML as a system design. The results of this study are in the form of an application that makes it easier for customers to order food on Bu Sri's Food Stalls.

Based on these studies, the authors built a food and beverage menu e-order system to be applied to café 50/50 Coffee. System design applies the system development life cycle (SDLC) waterfall model method as well as the PIECES framework method to determine the level of user satisfaction. As for testing using usability testing with the USE Questionnaire method.

RESEARCH METHODS

Types of Research

The type of research used by the authors is qualitative descriptive using data collection methods namely observation, interviews, and literature studies.

Time and Place of Research

The study was conducted in October 2021 at the café 50/50 Coffee.

Research Target / Subject

The study focused on issues related to the ordering system at café 50/50 Coffee.

Data Collection Methods

The data was collected with observations related to the problems that occurred in the café 50/50 Coffee and the collection of references obtained from previous studies to get an idea of the needs of the system to be made. Questionnaires were also distributed to system users and interviews with the owners/employees of the café in order to produce accurate data.

System Development Methods

SDLC is a life cycle in software development. SDLC helps developers improve the quality of the software produced. SDLC emphasizes the needs of users and with a structured approach to building or developing new systems (Rahayu, Susanto, & Suwarjono, 2020). Waterfall method is included in the system development model by focusing on sequenced and systematic stages. Waterfall method stages (Muhammad Robith Adani, 2020):

1. Requirement

The first stage is to analyze the needs of the system to be built. Information is obtained from observations, analysis with PIECES Framework

- indicators, and interviews with the related café, as well as conducting literature studies.
2. Design
The next stage is the creation of a system design which is the process by which functional analysis of the system is applied to the Unified Modelling Language (UML).
 3. Implementation
The implementation stages of program code use Visual Studio Code tools as text editors with the help of the CodeIgniter framework, also use the PHP programming language. In addition, the system is designed with some supporting software such as XAMPP.
 4. Integration & Testing
This stage aims to know the suitability of the system with the design, functionality of the system, and to prevent bugs or errors in the system. Testing is done by applying usability testing method USE Questionnaire.
 5. Operation & Maintenance
After testing the system, then proceed to the system usage stage by the user (user). At this stage, the developer can make improvements if an error is found in the system that has been used by the user.

Methods of Analysis

The analysis method used is PIECES Framework which is a method to identify in order to solve problems that occur in the system against indicators Performance, Information, Economy, Control, Efficiency, and Service (Salwa Husna, Fadli, & Hajar, 2018).

Table 1. Analysis of Problem Identification with THE PIECES Method

PIECES Indicators	Old System	New System
Performance	Menu ordering is still done directly through the cashier. Ordering takes a long time in choosing a menu, so it can cause queues.	Menu reservations can be made via smartphone which can be easily accessed by users before coming to the café.
Information	Customers need to come directly to get more information related to detailed order and menu	Information related to order data and menu details also table availability is faster and easier to get

PIECES Indicators	Old System	New System
Economy	also information about table availability. Errors may occur regarding orders and total payments generated. Menu ordering activities require more manpower.	just by accessing the web. The order process, order details and total payment are processed automatically through the system.
Control	Data can be accessed by anyone, so security is less maintained. The process of managing data that is still manual takes a long time.	Existing data can only be accessed by the related admin. The data management process takes place quickly.
Efficiency	The process of recapturing data can take a long time because recording is still done manually.	The time required for the recap process is only a little because admins can directly access it on the system.
Service	The exchange of information that occurs is still done directly.	The exchange of information is more detail and fast because it is easily accessible online.

Data analysis was conducted from the questionnaires distribution to find out the level of user satisfaction with the e-order system involving 6 PIECES indicators. Respondents were involved as many as 20 people according to the range of café 50/50 Coffee visitors every day. The study used the satisfaction level likert scale listed in table 2.

Table 2. Satisfaction Level Likert Scale

Answer Options	Score
Strongly Agree	5
Agree	4
Neutral	3



In figure 2 there is a use case diagram proposed as a depiction of the functionality of e-order system. There are two actors who interact with the system, namely admin and user. Such interactions are like viewing, ordering, inputting, confirming order data for user and processing data, order, and user for admin.

c. Activity Diagram

In figure 3 there is an activity diagram that contains the ordering activity in ordering through the e-order menu system. Starting from the booker who sees and selects the menu you want to order until the payment process.

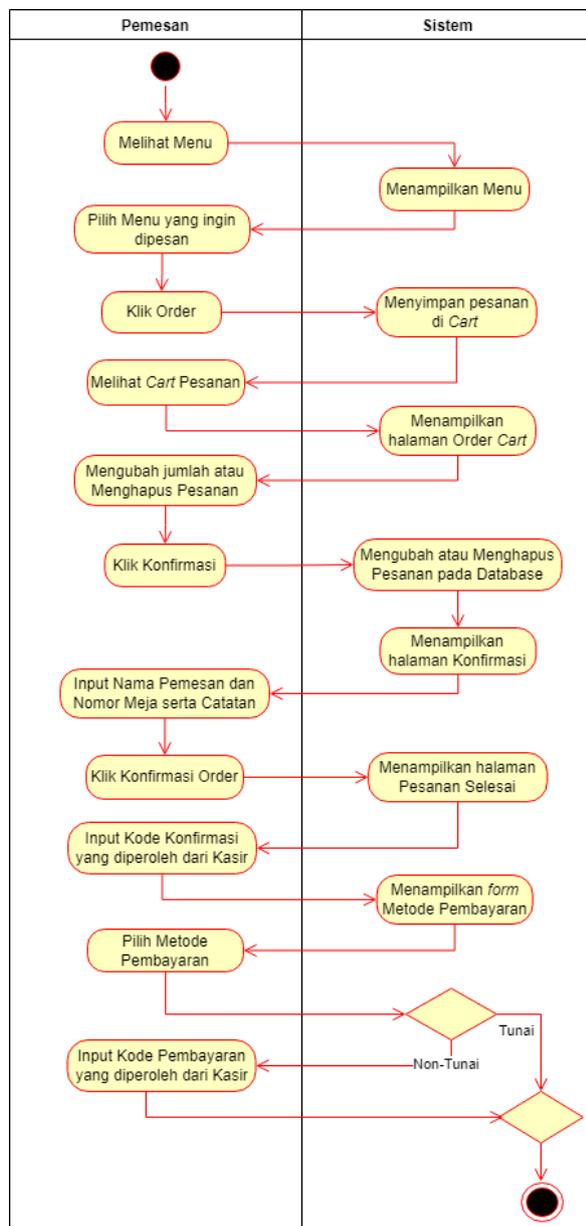


Figure 3. Activity Diagram

System Interface Implementation

1. Admin Page – Login Page View

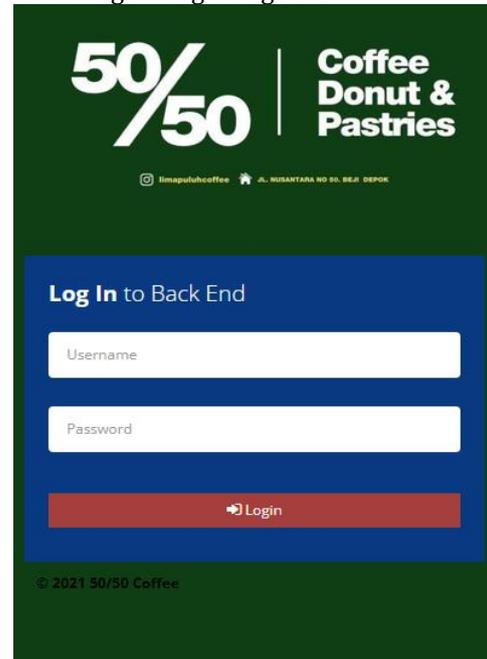


Figure 4. Login Page

In figure 4 displays the login page, where an admin needs to enter his username and password to be able to enter the application. Admins who have successfully logged in and entered the application, will go to the dashboard page.

2. Admin Page – Dashboard Page View

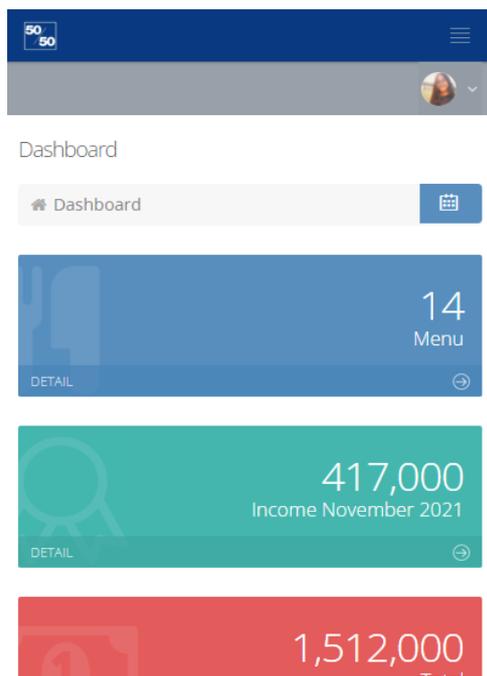


Figure 5. Dashboard Page

In figure 5 there is a dashboard page where admins can monitor the number of menus that are currently available, revenue per month and total overall revenue.

3. User Page – Menu Details View



Bombolini

Rp. 8,000

Donat Yang Tidak Bolong Tengahnya Dengan Berbagai Variant Rasa



Figure 6. Menu Details Page

Figure 6 displays the menu details page listed photos, descriptions, length of creation and price as well as the number of menus that visitors want to order.

4. User Page – Order Menu View

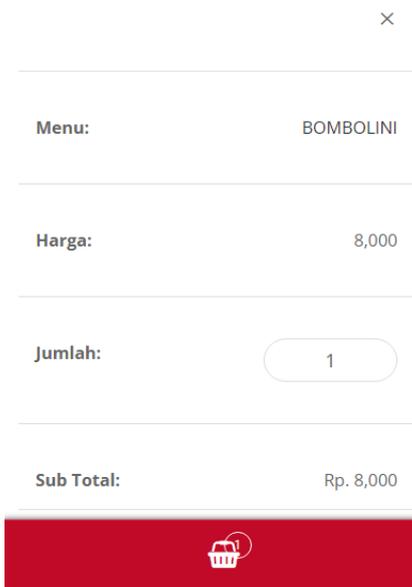


Figure 7. Order Menu Page

In figure 7 displays the order basket from the menu that the visitor has chosen to order. On this page visitors can still change the number and delete the order that has been selected.

System Analysis

a. Results of Calculation and Analysis of User Satisfaction Levels

The assessment of user satisfaction levels of the e-order menu system uses a likert scale such as table 2 based on questionnaires distributed to 20 respondents. The method used is PIECES with the formula of the average level of satisfaction (RK) of the system as in equation 2.

$$RK = \frac{\text{Number of Questionnaire Scores}}{\text{Number of Questionnaires}} \quad (2)$$

Here are the results of the questionnaire calculations of each PIECES indicator as in table 5.

Table 5. Results of Satisfaction Level of PIECES Indicator

PIECES Indicators	Average Satisfaction (RK)	Score
Performance	4,35	SATISFIED
Information	4,43	SATISFIED
Economics	4,27	SATISFIED
Control	4,33	SATISFIED
Efficiency	4,48	SATISFIED
Service	4,5	SATISFIED
Total	4,39	SATISFIED

The results of the calculation of average satisfaction (RK) users on the **Performance** indicator get a value of 4.35 then based on the level of satisfaction in table 3 can be categorized as **SATISFIED**. In the **Information** indicator gets a value of 4.43 then it can be categorized as **SATISFIED**. In the **Economics** indicator gets a value of 4.27 then the economic value indicator can be categorized as **SATISFIED**. In the **Control** indicator gets a value of 4.33 then it can be categorized as **SATISFIED**. In the **Efficiency** indicator gets 4.48 then it can be categorized as **SATISFIED**. On the **Service** indicator gets 4.5 then it can be categorized as **SATISFIED**. Based on these results, it can be concluded that users of the menu e-order system at café 50/50 Coffee are **SATISFIED**.

System Testing

a. Measurement of Usability with Use Questionnaire method

Testing was conducted by spreading questionnaires that adopted questions related to 4 aspects of the USE Questionnaire. Questionnaires were distributed to prospective users of the café 50/50 Coffee e-order system as many as 20 respondents. Respondents accessed the e-order system and used it, then filled out a questionnaire by giving an assessment according to the likert scale in table 2. The measurement of usability is obtained by calculating the percentage of answers from all respondents as in equation 3. The number of observed scores was obtained by calculating the results of all respondents's answers to each aspect which was then multiplied by each score using the likert scale. The number of expected scores obtained from the highest value of the likert scale is multiplied by the number of respondents and then multiplied by the number of questions each aspect of usability.

$$PK (\%) = \frac{\text{Observed score}}{\text{Expected score}} \times 100 \dots\dots\dots(3)$$

The results of usability measurements can be seen in table 6, then obtained calculations and percentage eligibility (PK).

Table 6. Usability Aspect Measurement Results

Aspects of Usability	Respondent Score	Max Score	(%)
Usefulness	694	800	86,7%
Easy of Use	945	1.100	85,9%
Easy of Learning	345	400	86,2%
Satisfaction	602	700	86%
Total	2.586	3.000	86,2%

The results of measurements on the **usefulness** aspect obtained a percentage of 86.7% then the conclusion obtained that the e-order system of café 50/50 Coffee menu is **very useful**. The results of measuring **easy of use** aspects obtained a percentage of 85.9% then the conclusion obtained that the e-order system of café 50/50 Coffee menu is **very easy to use**. The results of the measurement of **easy of learning** aspects obtained a percentage of 86.2% then the conclusion obtained that the e-order system of café 50/50 Coffee menu is **very easy to learn**. The results of measurements in the **satisfaction** aspect obtained a percentage of 86% then the conclusion obtained that the e-order system of café 50/50 Coffee menu is **very satisfying** for users.

The score observed from the total score of answers came from 20 respondents, which was 2,568, while the expected score was 3,000. Based on these results, it was obtained a measurement of 86.2% which in table 3 is at intervals of 81-100% so that the results of measuring the usability of the Café 50/50 Coffee menu e-order system are classified "**Very Useful**".

CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

Conclusion

Café 50/50 Coffee menu e-order system designed with Waterfall method and uses PIECES method for user satisfaction level analysis. Based on the results of the analysis of the calculation of the average amount of satisfaction level of 4.39, it can be concluded that users of the e-order menu system at Café 50/50 Coffee are **Satisfied**. While the results of usability measurement of 86.2% which shows that the e-order system of Café 50/50 Coffee menu is classified as **Very Useful**.

Suggestion

Based on the conclusions obtained, there are several suggestions that can later be done for future research that researchers can add other features in the e-order menu system, such as installing payment gateways for payment processes. Further research can also add and develop analytical and testing methods with other methods.

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